New Zealand Mathematical Olympiad Committee



Sample Geometry Problems by Ross Atkins

- 1. A pair of circles intersect at points A and B. A line is tangent to both circles, at points C and D. Prove that the intersection of AB and CD is the midpoint of CD.
- 2. Let ABCD be a square and let P be a point inside ABCD such that AP = BP and $\angle APB = 150^{\circ}$. What is $\angle CPD$?
- 3. Let ABC be a triangle with $\angle CAB > 45$ and $\angle CBA > 45$. Construct an isosceles right angled triangle RAB with AB as its hypotenuse and R inside ABC. Also construct isosceles right angled triangles ACQ and BCP having AC and BC respectively as their hypotenuses and lying entirely outside ABC. Show that CQRP is a parallelogram.
- 4. Consider an equilateral triangle ABC. Let P be an arbitrary point on the shorter arc AC of the circumcircle of ABC. Show that PB = PA + PC.